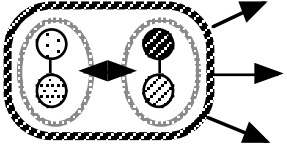
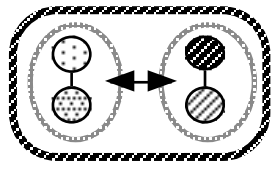
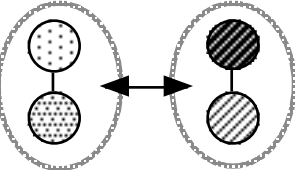
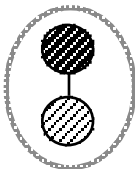
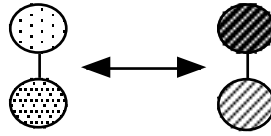

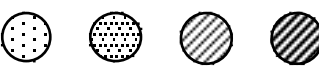



Generic SCIENCE level descriptions	Visual interpretation	Scientific Literacy For example:
<p>Systems - Level 8 students Can explain complex systems and complex interactions. Can apply concepts, models, laws, theories and principles to complex systems. Can use models to compare, validate or refute ideas. Can use knowledge, principles, theories and supporting data to evaluate and make recommendations.</p>		<p>Level 8 Students are able to discuss complex scientific matters, are sceptical and questioning of claims. They can make informed decisions and argued recommendations to others, including persons outside the school.</p>
<p>Theories - Level 7 students Can apply theories and principles to explain observations. Can describe and analyse systems. Can evaluate theories, systems and ideas. Can predict based on system wide evidence.</p>		<p>Level 7 Students are sceptical about new theories, and can engage in discussions which evaluate theories.</p>
<p>Quantitative - Level 6 students Can describe models quantitatively. Can apply quantitative information. Can apply laws. Can explain interactions occurring. Can present relevant evidence.</p>		<p>Level 6 Students can use quantitative information to investigate claims, to make informed decisions and to discuss scientific matters. They can locate relevant quantitative data at the appropriate time.</p>
<p>Models - Level 5 students Can use models to explain concepts. Can use concepts to explain observations. Can apply concepts to new areas. Understands experimental design procedures. Can assess ideas and information.</p>		<p>Level 5 Students can engage in discussions about scientific models and their applications. They can discuss and assess ideas and information with other students.</p>
<p>Comparing - Level 4 students Can compare characteristics and features. Can identify processes that are occurring. Can describe relationships and interactions that are occurring. Can make predictions based on data.</p>		<p>Level 4 Students can gather relevant data and locate relevant information in order to make comparisons. They can describe to other students processes and interactions. They can compare predictions with other students.</p>
<p>Patterns - Level 3 students Can describe patterns in objects and in features of objects. Can classify and sort objects and features. Can organise observations and information. Can link cause and effect.</p>		<p>Level 3 Students can describe patterns to other students, and can ask questions about these patterns and discuss causes of these patterns with other students.</p>
<p>Describing - Level 2 students Can describe and name objects. Can describe and name features of objects. Can describe changes to objects. Can describe how. Can prepare lists.</p>		<p>Level 2 Students can describe objects and changes to others students, and can understand descriptions of objects and changes made by other students.</p>
<p>Awareness - Level 1 students Are aware of matter and energy and living things. Can observe objects and observe changes. Can distinguish between objects. Can distinguish between changes.</p>		<p>Level 1 Students are aware of the physical world. Students ask questions about objects, and about changes that occur around them.</p>